

1 Warm-up: Coin Facts

2-min Fluency Warm-up — Quick coin facts.

2 quarters = ____¢

3 dimes = ____¢

4 nickels = ____¢

quarter + dime = ____¢

2 Adding Prices Together

Adding money works just like adding numbers! $25¢ + 30¢$: add the cents like $25 + 30 = 55$, so $55¢$. If your total reaches $100¢$, that's $\$1.00$!

Example: A pencil costs $25¢$ and an eraser costs $30¢$.
 $25¢ + 30¢ = 55¢$ together.

Example: A sticker costs $60¢$ and a card costs $40¢$.
 $60¢ + 40¢ = 100¢ = \$1.00$!

3 Add the Prices

Add each pair of prices.

$25¢ + 30¢ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}¢$

$15¢ + 40¢ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}¢$

$35¢ + 25¢ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}¢$

$45¢ + 20¢ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}¢$

4 Number Talk: Compare Totals

Number Talk — Explain WITHOUT calculating.

A: $25¢ + 25¢$ B: $25¢ + 35¢$

Which total is bigger? How do you know without adding?

My thinking: _____

Toy A costs $49¢$. Toy B costs $51¢$. About how much do they cost together — is it about $\$1$? Why?

My thinking: _____

5 Word Problem

Read carefully. Think about what is happening.

At the school store, Nora buys a bookmark for $35¢$ and a pencil grip for $25¢$. How much does she spend in all?

Show your thinking.

Draw or write your thinking: _____

Total: _____¢